

Directions for use

COVERCREAM PURE Covercream Pure

Grimas Covercream Pure is a well covering make-up, based on oils and waxes. For use as basic make-up or as light camouflage.

Pure means that the product in question does not contain any chemical preservatives (such as parabens) or halogenated organic compounds. The 'pure' products, like all Grimas products, are also gluten-free and unperfumed.

Procedure

Covercream Pure can be applied directly to the skin. First degrease and clean the skin you are going to be working on with Grimas Cleansing Lotion. Then wipe dry with a tissue.

With a dry or sensitive skin, you can apply Grimas Under Make-up Base. Allow 10 minutes for it to be absorbed before you continue.

On greasy or combination skin (partially greasy) you can apply a very thin layer of Grimas Anti Shine to the T-zone (forehead, nose and chin) before using Covercream Pure.

Hint: if you intend to apply eye shadow after the base, do not apply Covercream Pure to the eyelids. Do apply Covercream Pure to the lips.

Take the Covercream Pure out with a clean spatula and work from the spatula, or directly from the stick. Apply it with a slightly damp latex sponge or make-up sponge onto the skin. Work the base out properly, up into the hairline, and do not forget the ears and neck. This is how you avoid a mask-like effect.

To fix and mattify, you can powder the Covercream Pure off with Grimas Fixing Powder or Make-up Powder. If you want to affect the colour more, you can use Grimas Compact Powder or Colour Powder.

Removal



Covercream Pure is based on waxes and oils and can therefore not be removed with water. For removal you can use for instance Grimas Cleansing Cream, Afschmink, Make-up Remover or Multi Remover. Cleanse the skin afterwards with Grimas Cleansing Lotion.

Safety information

COVERCREAM PURE Covercream Pure



23 ml

Packaging:	Colour: transparent (stick) Content: 23 ml
Appearance:	Waxy product in skin tones and various colours.
Ingredients:	See label and composition.
Toxicology:	Assessed against the Cosmetics Regulation (1223/2009/EC).
Improper use:	Assessed according to the standard of consuming regularly the content of the largest package size (23 ml). No toxicological effect.
Bacteriology:	Contains less than 50 CFUs/g of bacteria, yeasts and moulds. Pathogens: not present. Work hygienically: with clean hands and clean materials.
Dermatology:	See dermatological declaration.
Use on children:	Can be used for children.
Around the eyes:	May be used near the eyes.
On the mucous membranes:	May be used on the mucous membranes.
Make-up in the eyes:	Rinse with water.
Durability:	See label with symbols:  = period-after-opening  = date of minimum durability
Storage:	Store in a dry, dark place.

Composition

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INCI	<%
Cera alba, Cera microcristallina, Copernicia cerifera cera, Paraffin	65
Octyldodecanol, Paraffinum liquidum	60
Kaolin	25
Ascorbyl palmitate, Citric acid, Lecithin, Tocopherol	1
Glyceryl oleate, Glyceryl stearate	0.1
CI 77491, CI 77492, CI 77499, CI 77891	50
CI 77007	10

The ingredients that are present in the product in the greatest proportions are listed first.

Ingredients that are present in the product to less than 1%, are listed in random order at the end of the list. Then the pigments and colorants are addressed, even if they are used in large quantities.

< is less than.

Dermatological declaration

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In the dermatological declaration one can read the following:
The products have been dermatologically tested for 24, 48 and 72 hours on 30 persons with healthy skin. No irritation occurred.

CONCLUSIONS

Under the conditions of this test we found no evidence of primary irritation or allergic hypersensitivity.

None of the thirty patch-tests resulted in positive reactions after 24, 48 and 72 hours.

The investigating specialist for dermatology and allergology considers this test-product safe for use.



Dr.med.Werner Voß

Investigating specialist
for dermatology and allergology

Safety declaration

Has been evaluated at:

The toxicity profile of the ingredients used, taking account of any contaminants present.

Interactions between the various raw materials.

Quantities of weight and volume the consumer is exposed to.

Foreseeable improper use by the consumer-group.

E. Groeneveld, MSc, B
Toxicology & Ecotoxicology

G.J. van Huizen
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